



ECLIPSE BIOINNOVATIONS

ECLIP: PREPARATION AND UV CROSSLINKING OF ADHERENT CELLS

Required materials:

1. UV crosslinker with 254-nm wavelength UV bulbs (*UVP CL-1000 Ultraviolet Crosslinker or equivalent*)
2. Liquid nitrogen (sufficient to submerge tubes in appropriate container)
3. 1x DPBS (Corning cat #21-031-CV or equivalent)
4. Trypan blue stain (*Thermo Fisher Scientific, Cat# 15250-061 or other equivalent live cell counting assay*)
5. Standard cell counting system (hemocytometer or automated cell counter)

Cell viability validation (prior to crosslinking):

- a. Use Trypan blue stain (Thermo Fisher Scientific, Cat# 15250-061) or other equivalent live cell counting assay to assay cell viability
- b. Cell viability should be > 95% to ensure intact RNA

Wash cells:

- a. Aspirate spent media
- b. Wash the plate gently with 1x DPBS at room temperature (15 mL for a 15 cm plate).
- c. Aspirate media
- d. Add enough 1x DPBS to just cover the plate (5 mL for a 15 cm plate)
* **Note:** If all plates are at equal cell density, one plate can be sacrificed for counting – this plate would be dissociated (with trypsin, accutase, or equivalent) and cell number (per plate) counted at this stage. **This is recommended for cell types that require chemical dissociation** enzymes to dissociate and be properly counted, as this is not recommended post-crosslinking.

UV crosslinking:

- a. Place the tissue culture plate on leveled ice or a cooling block pre-chilled to 4°C
- b. Place the above (plate plus ice or cooling block) into the UV cross-linker.
 - Notes: **Ensure the plate is leveled.**
 - **Remove tissue culture plate lid** for cross-linking.
- c. Cross-link at 254-nm UV with an energy setting of 400 mJoules/cm²
 - **Note:** this is a setting of **4000** on many cross-linkers which display values in 0.1 mJoules/cm²
- d. While keeping the cells on ice, use a cell scraper (Corning, CLS3010-10EA) to scrape the plate.
- e. Transfer the cells to a 50 mL conical tube
- f. Wash plate once with 10mL of 1x DPBS and add to the same 50 mL tube.
- g. Gently resuspend until the sample is homogeneous
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- h. Count cell concentration (either with automated cell counter or hemocytometer)
 - **Note:** ensure cells are re-suspended well before counting
 - **Note:** for cells that do not easily dissociate into single cells, a separate plate of cells can be counted instead (see * above)
- i. Centrifuge the 50 ml conical tube at 200g for five minutes at room temperature.
- j. Aspirate and discard supernatant.
- k. Resuspend in the desired amount for flash freezing
 - Typically 20×10^6 cells per mL.
- l. Transfer desired amount into 1.5 mL Eppendorf Safe-Lock Tubes (or equivalent)
 - Typically 1mL of 20×10^6 cells per mL.
- m. Spin down at 200g for five minutes at room temperature.
- n. Aspirate the supernatant and freeze by submerging the epi-tubes completely in liquid nitrogen.
- o. After frozen (at least thirty seconds), remove from the liquid nitrogen and store at -80°C .